STARSON STRIPES.



EARTHQUAKES & VOLCANOES

Naples is part of a greater Mediterranean seismic zone, making earthquakes and volcanic eruption a tangible reality.

The earth's crust is composed of numerous interconnected tectonic plates, and earthquakes happen when these plates shift. Like many natural processes on earth, new crust is continuously being made while old crust is recycled. The Mediterranean Sea is an area where plates are converging, with crust being recycled into other material. Because this is happening slowly over time, we don't usually feel it, until two plates have a sudden shift. This results in an **earthquake**, but earthquakes can also be caused by volcanic activity.

Volcances are prominent near areas of crust recycling in places geologists call 'subduction zones.' In these locations, some parts of crust are pushed up into mountain ranges like the Apennines, while other crust is pulled down into the earth and melted. Some of this melted material will push up to form more mountains in the form of volcances. Volcances can be explosive or slow-going.

When volcanoes erupt, molten lava, poisonous gases and flying rocks can travel many miles away. Volcanic ash and acid rain can fall hundreds of miles downwind. In addition, an eruption can be accompanied by landslides, mudflows, flash floods, earthquakes and tsunamis. Living near an active or dormant volcano means being prepared to evacuate in the event of a sudden, unpredictable eruption.



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TERMINOLOGY -

Aftershock: Similar or lower intensity tremors following the mainshock.

Crater: A depression in the surface above an active or inactive vent.

Earthquake: Sudden tremors, or shaking of the ground, caused by slippage between segments of the Earth's crust or volcanic activity.

Epicenter: Location on the Earth's surface directly above the hypocenter.

Eruption: The ejection of gasses, rock or lava from the Earth through a vent in the surface. Eruptions can be explosive or passive, may be primarily magma or produced by underground steam and water.

Fault: Fracture in the Earth's crust.

Foreshock: Smaller tremors that come before the mainshock.

Hypocenter: Point along the fault where the slippage occurs, causing an earthquake.

Lava: Magma that has come through a vent onto the earth's surface. There are many types of lava depending on the mineral composition and the type of volcanic eruption.

Magma: Molten rock below the Earth's surface.

Magnitude: The amount of energy released during an earthquake, computed from seismic waves.

Mainshock: The primary, largest earthquake at a location.

Richter Scale: Range of magnitudes that define earthquake intensity; each number is 30 times more powerful than the previous. Earthquakes measuring 4 or below are considered minor, while damage can begin at magnitude 5 or 6 and a magnitude of 7 or above causes maior destruction.

Seismic Waves: Vibrations that travel outward from the earthquake's hypocenter.

Vent: An opening in Earth's surface through which volcanic material is emitted.

Volcanic Ash: Tiny, sharp fragments of rock or minerals ejected into the air during some eruptions.

Volcano: A mountain built up around a volcanic vent. There are many types of volcanic mountains.



RISK ZONES

In the Naples area, earthquakes and volcanoes go hand-in-hand and are centered on two major hot spots.

Campi Flegrei

Known in English as the "Phlegraean Fields," this area west of Naples is the remnant of a massive volcano that formed the Gulf of Naples thousands of years ago. It is still an active zone with small earthquakes and volcanic events happening frequently, meaning it is currently at a yellow alert status.

Mount Vesuvius

This volcano east of Naples is best known for its eruption in 79 AD. While all activity is watchfully monitored, Vesuvius has been in a rest period since 1944 and is most often in a green alert status.

Red and Yellow Zones

These locations have the potential for a large earthquake or volcanic event, and areas of greatest risk are mapped out as red and yellow zones.

For interactive maps, visit: mappe.protezionecivile.gov.it/en/ risks-maps-and-dashboards.

- **Red Zone:** High risk for fastmoving volcanic flow. A declared 'allarme' (alarm) means that anyone in the area must evacuate as a preventative measure.
- Yellow Zone: Risk for significant ash fall. A temporary evacuation may be required in case of alarm.

If you choose to live in either zone, it is important to have a plan and build a kit so you and your family are prepared for emergencies. Consider your daily locations like work and school, and ensure that all family members know your plan if you are separated when an earthquake or eruption occurs.

See the next sections for help making a **family emergency plan** and a **family emergency kit**.



ALERT LEVELS

You can be prepared for emergencies by understanding the alert levels (Livello di Allerta) used in Naples. The National Institute of Geophysics and Volcanology (INGV) at Vesuvius Observatory monitors the volcanic activity in the Naples region and communicates it regularly via reports to the national Italian Protezione Civile (Civil Protection) department and via the Italian Regional Command Center to NSA Naples.

The observatory uses a standard four-level color-coded alert system to help the local population and leaders remain vigilant and prepared for an eruption.

Mount Vesuvius is currently at alert level green and Campi Flegrei is at alert level yellow.

ALERT LEVEL	VOLCANIC STATE	EXPECTED OR POSSIBLE PHENOMENA	COMMUNICATION AND ACTIONS
Basic	Inactive	None, possible gas emissions	NSA Naples receives reports every six months.
Attention	Significant surface activity	Increased seismic activity, off-gassing, temperature increase, hydrothermal activity	NSA Naples receives daily reports and information.
Pre-Alarm	Intense or ongoing deep activity	Deep movement of magma, high off-gassing, deep hydrothermal activity, surface movement, earthquake, tsunami	NSA Naples receives daily reports and information. Possible voluntary evacuation issued. Local safe havens may be offered by NSA Naples to personnel.
Alarm (Red Alert)	Imminent or ongoing eruption	Explosive eruptions, lava flows, pyroclastic flow, opening of vents, landslide, ash fallout, debris fallout, wildfire, large surface movement, earthquake, tsunami	NSA Naples receives continuous information Local evacuation orders likely. Safe havens will be established by NSA Naples for personnel. Possible NEO (see page 11) of non-essential personnel and dependents.

EVDECTER

RESOURCES

How can you get information?

- AtHoc: This warning system allows senior leaders to send urgent messages via phone, text or email. Scan the OR code to register.
- First Alert app: www.applocker.navv.mil/#!/apps/ EFC77CF5-4E37-4AF0-84D0-BF3904430774
- Smart Traveler Enrollment Program (STEP) mytravel.state.gov/s/step
- Your command ombudsman.
- Your assigned command Emergency Management Coordinator (EMC).
- Wide Area Alert Network (WAAN): This mass notification system includes the Giant Voice (GV), Interior Voice (IV), Computer Desktop Notification System (CDNS), Automated Telephone Network System (ATNS) and AtHoc.

NSA Naples:

www.facebook.com/NSANaples

Naples Navigator: www.dvidshub.net/publication/1527/naples-navigator

AFN Naples radio: 97.3 FM, online at afngo.net

www.facebook.com/@NaplesRedCross

NSA NAPLES EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT VEBSITE

HAVE A PLAN

EARTHQUAKE -

PREPARATION

An earthquake can be sudden with rapid shaking and movement of the ground. They can also cause fires, landslides, power or water outages, and tsunamis.

PREPARE YOUR HOME

Minimize hazards in your house by securing heavy items to the wall. This includes shelves, bookcases, big cabinets, tall furniture, heavy wall-hangings and the water heater. Store large, heavy or breakable objects on lower shelves.

PREPARE YOUR FAMILY

Practice earthquake drills as a family so everyone knows what to do, especially how to "Drop, Cover, and Hold On!" Identify a safe place in every room of your home where nothing can fall on you, such as under a table or against an interior wall.

- Make a family emergency plan that includes a plan for communication in case your family is separated during an earthquake.
- Build a family emergency kit.

ACTION

In the event of an earthquake, take immediate action to protect yourself and your family.

INDOORS

Stay where you are until the shaking stops.

- Do not run outside.
- Do not stand in a doorway.
- 1. DROP to the around onto your hands and knees so the earthquake doesn't knock you down.
- 2. COVER your head and neck with your arms to protect yourself from falling debris.

Crawl to a safe place, ONLY if the path is clear.

- Under a sturdy table or desk. Beside an interior wall.
- · Away from windows, exterior doors or walls, loose items.
- 3. HOLD ON, with one hand, to a sturdy covering or wall so you can move with it until the shaking stops.



(source: ready.gov)

OUTDOORS

The biggest risk outdoors is from falling debris.

- 1. MOVE somewhere safe.
- Find a clearing away from buildings, streetlights, utility wires, trees or sloping ground. In a city, you may need to duck
- inside a building.
- 2. DROP down on your hands and knees for stability.
- **3. COVER** your head and neck.

IN A MOVING CAR

If you are driving, pull over and wait.

- 1. PULL-OVER as soon as you can do so safely.
 - Find a clear location without overhead items.
 - Stay away from trees, buildings, overpasses, utility wires, cliffs and other items that may fall.
- 2. WAIT with your seatbelt fastened until the shaking stops.
 - Stav in the vehicle.

Once the shaking stops, proceed driving with caution. Avoid bridges, ramps, tunnels and other roads that are likely damaged. Anticipate power and light outages. Yield to emergency vehicles.

AFTERMATH

When the shaking stops, look around. Prepare to "Drop, Cover, and Hold On" again in the likely event of aftershocks.

STAY OR GO?

- Stay inside if it is safe and your building is not heavily damaged. Expect loss of electricity, fire alarms and water leaks.
- Go outside if your building is heavily damaged, unsafe or you smell gas, but only if there is a clear path. Be cautious of downed power lines, debris and other damaged buildings outside.

IF YOU ARE TRAPPED

- Do not move or kick up dust.
- Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth or clothing.
- If you have a cell phone, use it to call or text for help. 112 is the EU-wide emergency number.
- Tap on a pipe or wall or use a whistle, if you have one, so that rescuers can locate vou. Shout only as a last resort.

IF YOU ARE SAFE

- Check yourself and others for injury. NSA Naples Emergency Dispatch is +39 081-568-4911. Call 112 for serious injuries but be prepared to apply first aid.
- Inspect for major damage to power, gas or water lines or large foundational cracks and leaning. If you find these, leave the building.
- Look for small fires and extinguish them.
- Access your family emergency kit and begin your family emergency plan.
- Monitor official and public channels for instructions or a possible NEO.

Red Cross:

NMCRS:

www.facebook.com/NMCRSNaplesItaly

VOLCANO -

PREPARATION

Volcanic activity is heavily monitored in the Naples region. Sometimes it may only be disruptive, meaning your family should be prepared to utilize your **home emergency kit**. It may also lead to evacuation orders being issued.

NSA NAPLES EVACUATION ORDER

Instructions and evacuation orders for U.S. personnel take precedence over corresponding orders by the Italian authorities. However, if you cannot reach the Support Site, follow Italian evacuation instructions.

An evacuation of U.S. personnel will be directed by the NSA Naples Commanding Officer in coordination with the U.S. Department of State and Department of Defense. This may be in the form of a Noncombatant Evacuation Order (NEO); see the next section for details on how to build a NEO-ready **family emergency kit**.

LOCAL ITALIAN EVACUATION ORDERS

If you and your family are instructed to evacuate by Italian authorities, be prepared to depart immediately:

- You may evacuate using your own vehicle. Follow designated evacuation routes, they lead to cities across Italy that are equipped to accommodate and shelter evacuees.
- You may use the public transport available at rallying points or "waiting areas" (aree di attesa). From there, people will be taken to departure points or "meeting areas" (aree di incontro) to be organized for movement to safe haven cities further away.

To find your local rallying point, visit mappe.protezionecivile.gov.it/ en/risks-maps-and-dashboards (available in English) and check the Emergency Planning Zones maps of the Phlegraean and Vesuvius areas. You can enter your address or zoom in and find the nearest blue-squared icon indicating an aree di attesa.

YOUR RESPONSIBILITIES

- **Pre-plan primary and alternate evacuation routes** from your residence to the Support Site as per the Italian authority's routing.
- Know the information sources for the municipality you are living in. These will likely be in Italian, requiring a translation tool like Google Translate or DeepL. To find municipality news sites, visit www.comune.napoli.it/le-municipalita.
- Monitor the status of volcanic activity in the area. The National Institute of Geophysics and Volcanology (INGV) at Vesuvius Observatory has detailed web pages for each region: www.ov.ingv.it. Stay away from volcano sites that show signs of activity.
- Understand the extent of possible evacuation zones established by Italian authorities. See the emergency planning maps from the Civil Protection department: mappe.protezionecivile.gov.it/en/risks-maps-and-dashboards.
- Make a written **family emergency plan** that includes an evacuation plan and communication plan in case family members are separated.

• Build a family emergency kit and be prepared to use it.

ACTION

If a volcanic eruption is expected or occurring, monitor TV, radio, website and command outlets for instructions.

IF YOU ARE ORDERED TO EVACUATE:

- Do not wait. Leave immediately.
- Turn off gas, electricity and water if time allows.
- Take your family emergency kit.
- · Follow designated evacuation routes.

IF YOU ARE NOT TOLD TO EVACUATE:

- Continue to monitor communication channels for a potential evacuation order.
- Close and lock all windows and outside doors.
- Turn off all heating and air conditioning systems and fans.
- Gather your emergency supplies.
- Go into an interior room with no windows above the ground level.
- Use your judgement to determine if you and your family need to relocate.

NOTE: You will pay out of pocket for lodging expenses if you choose to leave your residence without an evacuation order or evidence of a safety risk.

IF YOU ARE OUTDOORS:

- Seek shelter immediately.
- Once you are in a safe place, muster with your command.
- If you are caught in a rock fall, curl up in a tight ball to protect yourself.
- Be aware of mudflows and flooding if you are near a stream.
- Protect yourself from hazardous airborne ash. Don't go downwind of the volcano. Wear long-sleeved shirts and pants, eye protection and a mask.
- Keep car engines off and avoid driving.

AFTERMATH

After an eruption, continue to monitor local TV, AFN radio, website and command information outlets for instructions.

- Stay inside until authorities say it is safe outside; ash fall and air quality are major hazards.
- Be cautious of ash fall if you must go outside. Don't go downwind of the volcano. Wear long-sleeved shirts and pants, eye protection and a mask.
- Don't drive in heavy ash; it will clog engines.
- Stay away from affected areas until otherwise instructed.
- · Be careful when entering damaged buildings.

Emergency Lodging Reimbursement

If a local evacuation was necessary, active-duty military members and U.S. civilian employees may be entitled to temporary housing resources and reimbursement. Contact the Naples Housing Office for details: **naples_housing@us.navy.mil**, DSN: 314-626-5409, COMM: +39-081-568-5409.

If a tenant leaves their residence without an evacuation order or undisputable evidence of a structural or safety risk, the tenant assumes financial responsibility for temporary housing.

U.S. contractors should contact their company to determine policy and procedures for emergency lodging.

FAMILY EMERGENCY PLANS

One of the most important tools to protect your family in an emergency is a family emergency plan. Visit www.ready.gov/plan for a fillable online form that will email you a PDF. As you plan your actions and response during an emergency, be sure to take into account any members of your family with special needs, specific preparations for children and what preparations you must make for your pets.

WHAT GOES IN THE PLAN?

Basic household information.

- This includes your address and phone numbers. When creating your plan, take any actions necessary to prepare your property.
- Establish how utilities will be shut off at the house in the event of an evacuation.

Family communication card

- □ Create a card with contact information for each family member with phone numbers, work or school phones, email addresses and important medical details. Include your emergency contact details. Ensure each family member carries this information.
- Establish rules for how to communicate. During an emergency, phone lines and cell phone towers may be overloaded or out. Have a contingency plan for reaching each other.

Emergency contact(s)

Establish a non-local in-case-of-emergency name and phone number and ensure everyone in the family knows their details. Save the information on your family communication card and in everyone's cell phone. □ File a copy of your emergency contact information with your command and ombudsman. Seal it in an envelope with your signature over the seal. It will only be opened in case of emergency.

Evacuation plans

- List each family member's daily location like schools, home, workplaces and caregivers.
 Include the address, phone number and other contact information for the location.
- Establish how each family member will be reunited from their daily location. This means detailing plans for who will be walking or driving home, picking up kids from school, going to a nearby friends' house to wait or another contingency. Address unique circumstances for family members with special needs.
- Discuss and document where you will go in case of an evacuation and map out the route.
- Your plan may also include a list of specific items each person should take with them in case of emergency.
- Your plan should address the needs and care of pets.

continued on page 10

Emergency Meeting Places

In the event that your family cannot communicate, it's important to have one or two locations where all members agree to meet.

Medical Information

- Your plan should include contact information for your family primary care providers. It should also list any allergies and prescription medication or device details. Also include your medical insurance information for quick reference.
- □ If you have a pet, include veterinarian information and any of your pet's important medical information or insurance.

Important Documents

- As part of your planning, you should make copies of, and safeguard specific personal and financial records. When preparing a family emergency kit, originals or copies of important documents should be organized in a way that makes them easy to access in case of a NEO.
- Everyone in the family should understand what to do, where to go, and what to take in the event of an emergency.

PRACTICE YOUR PLAN!

Set up practice evacuations or shelter-in-place drills at least twice a year for your family to ensure everyone knows what to do and where to go in the event of an emergency. Update your plan according to any issues that arise.

Keep your **family emergency kit** up to date by replacing water and perishables periodically. Make sure everyone knows where it is and to take it when sheltering or evacuating. Check your smoke alarms regularly.

PREPARE YOUR KIDS

Visit www.ready.gov/kids for resources like games and educational information for kids.

- Talk to your kids about what types of emergencies might happen in your area and discuss the different plans for each. This can help alleviate fears and allow them to be better equipped to react.
- Make sure your kids know exactly where your family meeting place is.
- Talk about what might happen if they are in school.
- Make your family emergency plan and emergency kit as a family so your children understand where you are going and why.
- Make sure your kids know where their family communication card is and how to get in touch if you are separated.

PREPARE YOUR PETS

Train your dog.

- · Familiarize your pet with their transport crate.
- Drive your pet around in their crate so they're not alarmed during an evacuation.
- Practice catching your cat, putting them in their crate and carrying it around the house. Cats can be very difficult to catch when they are stressed or afraid.
- Review the "Preparing Makes Sense for Pet Owners" video: www.youtube.com/watch?v=aUbSF_ S20bE



PERSONNEL ACCOUNTABILITY

It is important that you remain in contact with your command during all emergency events. Each command has their own Emergency Action Plan that is unique to their mission, and they will guide you through the process.

It is important that your command or organization has details to locate you in the event of a disaster or communication outage. In addition, determine what actions you are to take if you are not able to communicate with your command or organization.

If you reside on base at Support Site or Capodichino, your command needs to know:

- Your building & apartment number or hotel and room number
- Your personal email address(es)

If you reside off base, your command needs to know:

- The physical address of your home or apartment
- Your home's GPS coordinates
- · Your personal email address(es)

Make certain your contact information and status is continuously updated in the following systems:

- U.S. Navy & Marine Corps Family Accountability & Assessment System (NFAAS), navyfamily.navy.mil
- U.S. Army Disaster Personnel Accountability & Assessment System (ADPAAS), adpaas.army.mil
- U.S. Air & Space Force Personnel Accountability and Assessment System (AFPAAS), afpaas.af.mil
- U.S. Coast Guard Personnel Accountability and Assessment System (CGPAAS), cgpaas.uscg.mil



BUILD A KIT

FAMILY EMERGENCY KIT (NEO READY)

WHAT IS A NEO?

Noncombatant Evacuation Operations (NEO) are the ordered (mandatory) or authorized (voluntary) departure of civilian noncombatants and non-essential military personnel from danger in an overseas country to a designated safe haven, typically within the continental United States. Overseas evacuations could occur under a variety of circumstances, including civil unrest, military uprisings, environmental concerns and natural disasters. The Department of State (DOS) recommends the NEO, and the Department of the Army— as the DOD Executive Agent for repatriation planning and operations coordinates execution of the NEO.

Who is eligible for a NEO?

- · DoD military family members
- Non-essential military personnel
- · DoD civilians & family members
- DoD contractors (U.S. citizens)
- Non-U.S. citizens employed by the U.S. government, as authorized/directed by DOS
- · Allied, and coalition personnel

NEO Directions

Upon an evacuation order, all noncombatant evacuees should proceed directly to the embarkation points, as designated by DOS and local Command authority. Evacuees must bring their NEO-ready **family emergency kit** which includes mandatory documents in a NEO kit and a three-day supply of consumables in an emergency kit. If evacuees are unable to bring these items, proceed to the nearest assembly points, as designated by NSA Naples Emergency Management Officer. Assembly points serve only as gathering areas for further transportation to embarkation points.

Pet Instructions

Keep control of your pet at all times! Owners must take appropriate measures to prevent their pet from becoming a nuisance or being aggressive. Pets may not run at large while being exercised. Dogs can not be walked by children incapable of preventing escape. Owners are required to provide all care to their pets during all phases of NEO, this includes walking, feeding, sanitation, etc. Do not feed pets 2–4 hours before travel, but do continue to give water.

CHECKLIST FOR YOUR NEO-READY FAMILY EMERGENCY KIT —

A family emergency kit ready for a NEO has two parts: First is the **Neo Kit** which is a set of important records, documents and paperwork you must maintain in your residence in case of emergencies. There is no directive mandating the documents be kept in a single file or binder; however, they must be readily available for quick retrieval when departing. The second part is an **emergency kit** with supplies and personal items for three days.

NEO KIT

Required Documents for NEO

- US Passports for all travelers
- DA Form 4986, Personal Property Record
- DD Form 1337, Authorization/Designation for Emergency Pay & Allowances (military)
- DD Form 1701, Inventory of Household Goods
- DD Form 2461, Authorization for Emergency Evacuation Advance & Allotment Payments for DOD Civilian Employees, (civilian)
- DD Form 2585, Repatriation Processing Center Processing Sheet
- □ ID Cards (military or U.S. Government)
- □ NEO Registration (NEO Census Form)
- □ Pet documentation, required for each pet
- DD Form 2208, Annual Rabies Vaccination Certificate (2 copies)
- DD Form 2209, Pre-filled Veterinary Health Certificates, with veterinary signature and date blocks left blank. A veterinarian will sign and date the health certificates before departure from Italy (2 copies)
- Animal Non-combatant Emergency Evacuation Card, pre-filled (2 copies)

Highly Recommended Documents

- Birth certificates
- Cash euros and dollars
- Employment documentation
- □ Family emergency plans with contact information and details for dependents upon return to the U.S.
- Housing documents (housing contract, utility accounts, etc.)
- □ Insurance policies
- Map of local area with home and routes to designated assembly areas marked
- Medication list and important medical information
- □ NEO Instructions (copy)
- Noncombatant Information Card, filled
- □ Other legal documents and personal records
- Pet photos, both front and profile with owner (if applicable)
- Powers-of-attorney
- □ School records
- □ Sojourner's permits
- Vehicle paperwork (copy of bill of sale, insurance, proof of ownership, etc.)
- □ Vehicle registration (copy)



EMERGENCY KIT

Supplies and Personal Items

At a minimum, prepare for **three days** of NEO processing and movement. Regularly monitor expiration dates and rotate food and water supplies every six months.

- □ Backup hard drive or laptop with important family records
- Baby Supplies: Diapers and wipes, bottles, formula, food, pacifiers, clothing, blankets (if applicable)
- □ Blankets or sleeping bags
- □ Cell phone(s) with chargers
- □ Clothes: One change of clothes for hot or cold weather per person, additional undergarments and socks
- Hand sanitizer or disinfectant
- Disposable plates, cups, utensils, paper towels
- □ Batteries and charging devices
- □ Face masks: At least 2 for each person

🛛 First Aid Kit

□ Flashlight

- □ Food and snacks for 3 days: Non-perishable, high-energy, packaged and ready-to eat (include can opener if needed)
- Medical supplies (glasses, contact lenses, syringes, specialty batteries, etc.)
- □ Medications (7-day supply)
- □ Radio: Battery or hand-powered, ensure it can receive AFN broadcasts
- Personal hygiene items: Toilet paper, soap, feminine products, tissues, etc.
- □ Water: One gallon (four liters) per person, per day, bottled

Pet Evacuation Items

- These individual items are required for each pet.
- Animal documentation in your NEO Kit (see above)
- □ Rigid (not soft) airline carrier large enough for pet to stand up, turn around and lay down inside; ONE pet per carrier
- Document copies attached to kennel in waterproof bag
- 1 copy DD Form 2208, Annual Rabies Vaccination Certificate
- 1 copy DD Form 2209, Veterinary Health Certificates
- 1 copy of filled Animal Non-combatant Emergency Evacuation Card
- Pet photos, both front and profile with owner
- □ Food to supply the pet for at least 14 days, sealed in waterproof containers or plastic storage bags
- Bowls that are spill resistant for food and water to be placed in kennel (label with pet and sponsor's name)
- Medications for 14 days, with dosing instructions
- Collar or harness with ID tag
- □ Secure leash
- □ Muzzle, if needed for control
- □ Small plastic bags for feces disposal (dogs)
- 10-day supply of litter and a small container with lid (to prevent spillage when not in use) that fits in the cat's kennel, plus litter scoop (cats)
- EU Pet Passport, if owned
- □ Fluorescent Antibody Virus Neutralization (FAVN) for non-U.S. travel, if required



LOCAL EMERGENCY KITS

Not all emergencies will result in a NEO, so it is important to be prepared to supply your family's immediate needs with minimal reliance on others. This may mean sheltering in place or evacuating locally. During an emergency it may not be possible to shop for supplies. Because of the unique features and potential hazards in this region of Italy, it is recommended that you prepare with two weeks of consumables in your home emergency kit. Keeping emergency kits at home, work and in your car will prepare your family to shelter in place or evacuate if needed.

HOME EMERGENCY KIT

To supplement your NEO-ready family emergency kit, a 14-day home emergency kit should contain these additional items.

- □ Food supply for 14 days, non-perishable and easy-to-prepare items
- U Water supply for 14 days, one gallon (4 liters) per person, per day, bottled
- Baby supplies for 14 days, diapers and wipes, formula and bottles, food
- □ Medication for 14 days
- □ Multi-tool, or small hand tools
- □ Matches in a waterproof container
- U Whistle to signal for help
- □ Sturdy shoes for each person
- □ Hats and gloves for each person
- □ Hygiene items: Soap for hand washing, cleaning supplies, toiletries
- U Weather-appropriate changes of clothing for each person
- Pet first aid kit
- Pet travel bag
- □ Pet grooming items, toys or bedding

WORKPLACE EMERGENCY KIT

This kit should be portable enough to be maintained at your workplace; you may have to evacuate from work or shelter up to 24 hours.

- Comfortable walking shoes in case you have to walk long distances
- □ Food
- □ Water
- □ First-aid kit
- □ Family communication plan

VEHICLE EMERGENCY KIT

- Keep this kit in your vehicle at all times to be used if you are stranded while driving.
- Baby supplies, diapers, wipes, formula (if applicable)
- Blankets or sleeping bags
- Comfortable and sturdy shoes
- □ Family communication card
- □ First aid kit with necessary medications
- □ Flashlights and extra batteries
- □ Non-perishable food, snacks
- □ Phone charger
- □ Portable AM/FM radio
- □ Reflective triangle
- □ Repair tools
- □ Seasonal clothing (coat, warm clothes, hats, gloves, rain gear)
- □ Seasonal vehicle items (engine fluids, shovel, ice scraper)
- □ Signal flares
- □ Water





AFTERMATH

After an emergency, it is important to continue to follow communication channels like radio, TV and command outlets for further information or instructions.

There are many post-event resources available to those affected by an emergency event.

Family Accountability and Assessment System (FAAS)

Updating FAAS should be your first step after an emergency. It provides a standardized method across each service, to account, manage and monitor the recovery process for personnel and their families affected and/or displaced by a wide-spread catastrophic event. FAAS provides valuable information to all levels within the chain of command to make strategic decisions which facilitate a return to stability.

- FAAS allows personnel to do the following:
- Report accountability status
- Update contact and location information
- Review reference information
- Complete a Needs Assessment survey

Each service has its own FAAS system

- U.S. Navy & Marine Corps: navyfamily.navy.mil
- U.S. Army: adpaas.army.mil
- U.S. Air Force & U.S. Space Force: afpaas.af.mil
- U.S. Coast Guard: cgpaas.uscg.mil

When you fill out the FAAS Needs Assessment you will indicate what type of assistance you are seeking (e.g. housing, finance, legal). A Fleet and Family Support Center representative will contact you to help determine the appropriate response or assistance needed for your recovery efforts.

Additional Resources

- American Red Cross: www.redcross.org
- Navy & Marine Corps Relief Society: www.nmcrs.org

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